**杨府山高复寒假英语作业七
 七选五+完形填空+语法填空 (含参考答案）
时间：30分钟 满分：50 分
一. 七选五。（每题2分，共计10分）**
**Building Soccer in America : Three stories of struggle and Success**

1. He was the top new player, or rookie(新手) of the year, in 1998. His young professional career reached a high point the next season. D.C. United won the M.L.S. Cup, the league championship, on the strength of a Most Valuable Player performance by Olsen. He scored one of two goals for his team in the game against the Los Angeles Galaxy.

Ben Olsen looks back on his score in that championship as his most memorable thing. “ 2 . ”

Like many top American soccer players, Olsen played overseas. He joined the club Nottingham Forest in Britain. He says different leagues have different styles of play.3. Some teams are more possession oriented, meaning a little bit more low pressure on the ball and more skillful players. England has always been known to be a fast and physical league.”

Olsen was also a part of the United States World Cup team of 2006.4. Ben Olsen has had five operations for severe ankle injuries. Still, he had one of his best years in 2007. He scored seven goals including a “hat trick” three in one game.

 He was recognized for his outstanding play with an M.L.S. Best Eleven award. He accepted the award in a wheelchair after a minor operation. Ben Olsen retired after the 2009 season. He had a great career as a professional player. Today he is an assistant coach with D.C. United. 5.

A. I prefer playing overseas.

B. Some teams are very fast and athletic.

C. He is passing on his knowledge as a coach with D.C. United.

D. Ben Olsen was an important part of D.C. United’s early success.

E. D.C. United is one of the top teams in the American soccer league.

F. He says playing for his country was something he will never forget.

G. I’d lost a lot of championships before that year, so that was a special game.

01-05 **DGBFC**
**二. 完形填空。（每题1.5分，共计30分）**Though different educational systems have different purposes, one thing is certain: all students should take part in examinations.

6 the English educational system, students take 7 very important 8 . The first is the eleven-plus, which is taken at the age of eleven 9 past. At one time the ability 10 on the eleven-plus would have determined 11 a child stayed in school.12 , [however](http://www.nmet168.com/Article/beijing/Index.html), all children continue in “comprehensive” schools, and the eleven-plus determines which courses of study the child will follow. At the age of fifteen or sixteen, the students are tested for the Ordinary Level of the General Certificate of Education. This examination covers a wide 13 of subjects; once students have passed this exam, they are 14 to specialize, so that two-thirds or 15 of their courses will be 16
 physics, chemistry, classical language, or 17 they wish to study18 . The 19 examination, at eighteen, covers only the 20 of the special subjects.21 the universities, students study only in their concentrated area, and 22
 students ever venture outside 23 subject again; 24 , the English boy or girl is a specialist 25 the age of fifteen.

( ) 6. A. On B. In C. To D. For

( ) 7. A. four B. three C. two D. one

( ) 8. A. subjects B. languages C. courses D. examinations

( ) 9.A. somewhat B. or else C. or so D. or rather

( ) 10.A. seen B. heard C. shown D. known

( ) 11.A. when B. if C. that D. how

( ) 12.A. But B. Then C. So D. Now

( ) 13.A. number B. part C. range D. collection

( ) 14.A. allowed B. passed C. forbidden D. admit

( ) 15.A. much B. many C. more D. most

( ) 16.A. in B. of C. with D. on

( ) 17.A. whenever B. [however](http://www.nmet168.com/Article/beijing/Index.html) C. [whatever](http://www.nmet168.com/Article/zhenti/Index.html) D. wherever

( ) 18.A. at all costs B. at the same time C. at the least D. at great length

( ) 19.A. late B. later C. early D. final

( ) 20.A. context B. content C. book D. lesson

( ) 21.A. Even so B. Even if C. Even then D. Even at

( ) 22.A. few B. no C. some D. any

( ) 23.A. that B. their C. its D. which

( ) 24.A. in any case B. in all C. in a sense D. in the end

( ) 25.A. of B. from C. at D. under
06-10 BBDAC

11-15 BDCAC

16-20 ACDDB

21-25 DAACB

**三.语法填空。（每题1分，共计10分）**There was a boy who was sent to a boarding school(寄宿学校). He used to be 26
brightest student in his class. He was at the top in every 27 (compete). But things
28 (change) when he came to the new school. His grades started dropping and he was lonely all the time. He felt he was worthless and 29 no one loved him.

His parents began to worry, but they did not know what was wrong. So his dad decided to visit the school and have a talk 30 him.

They sat on the bank of the lake near the school. The father started asking 31 some questions about his classes, teachers and sports. The he asked, “Do you know, son, why I am here today?”

They boy said, “ 32 (check) my grades?”

“No, no,” his dad replied, “I am here to tell you that you are important for me. I want to see you happy. Nothing could be 33 (valuable) than your happiness. You are my life”

The boy felt confident 34 his study again. He knew there was someone on the earth 35 cared for him deeply. He meant the world to someone.

26. the

27. competition

28. changed

29. that

30. with

31. him

32. To check

33. more valuable

34. in

35. who/that